

APPLICATION FOR  
UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT  
SPECIFICATION

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Title of the Invention: AREA-DEPENDENT SERVICE SYSTEM AND METHOD  
FOR MOBILE STATIONS

## AREA-DEPENDENT SERVICE SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR MOBILE STATIONS

### Background of the Invention

### Field of the Invention

5           The present invention relates to a system and method for providing services to mobile stations such as cellular phones, personal digital assistants (PDAs), car navigation systems, etc.

### Description of the Related Art

10           Conventionally, there have already been techniques to provide information services to mobile stations, such as cellular phones, PDAs, car navigation systems, etc., and to charge them. Among these, techniques to provide a service restricted to a particular area include the following:

15           (1) Japanese Unexamined Patent Publication No. 6 - 189360 [Area-Restricted Mobile Communications System]

            With this technique, each portable terminal is preallocated to an area where communication is authorized. For example, when the service area of a cellular phone is described as the Kanto area  
20           only, communication is authorized only when that phone is in the Kanto area.

            (2) Japanese Unexamined Patent Publication No. 10 - 327097 [Area-Restricted Mobile Station Information Providing System]

            This technique relates to an information providing service  
25           system for portable terminals which is restricted to a particular

small area. With this system, special devices, called sign posts, for providing services are placed at regular intervals in an area, and services are provided from the devices to portable terminals.

However, the above area-restricted service systems have the following problems:

With the system (1), a service area can be set up for each portable terminal, but it is impossible to set up an authorized area for each individual service. That is, it is impossible to, besides an area where a call can be made, set up an area where a particular information service is available, for example, in such a way that, outside a horse racetrack, a call can be made but access to tip information on horse races is prohibited.

With the system (2), since information is published from the sign posts placed at regular intervals, the service area is physically restricted to an area where a sign post is placed. It is therefore impossible to set up freely a service area through the use of software.

Thus, the conventional systems cannot freely set up a mobile station service area for each service.

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### **Summary of the Invention**

It is an object of the present invention to provide a service system and method for mobile stations which permit each service to be restricted to a particular area without the need for any special device such as a sign post.

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The inventive service system includes a storage device, a communication device, a selection device, an area decision device, and an execution device.

5 The storage device stores pieces of area information and service programs in such a way that they are made to correspond with each other. The communication device receives position information of a mobile station and service selection information. The selection device retrieves from the storage device a service program specified by the service selection information and area  
10 information corresponding to the specified service program.

The area decision device makes a decision of whether or not the position represented by the position information of the mobile station is included in the area represented by the retrieved area information. The execution device executes the retrieved service  
15 program to provide a service to the mobile station when the position of the mobile station is included in the area.

#### **Brief Description of the Several Views of the Drawing**

FIG. 1 is a diagram for use in explanation of the principle  
20 of the service system of the present invention;

FIG. 2 shows the configuration of a first service system;

FIG. 3 shows an area;

FIG. 4 is a diagram for use in explanation of a first position  
determining method;

25 FIG. 5 is a diagram for use in explanation of a second position

determining method;

FIG. 6 is a diagram for use in explanation of a third position determining method;

FIG. 7 is a flowchart for the first service providing process;

5 FIG. 8 shows the configuration of a second service system;

FIG. 9 is a flowchart for the second service providing process;

FIG. 10 shows an information providing service;

FIG. 11 is a flowchart for the information providing process;

FIG. 12 shows a vicinity search service;

10 FIG. 13 is a flowchart for the vicinity search process;

FIG. 14 shows a pari-mutuel ticket buying and selling service;

FIG. 15 is a flowchart for the pari-mutuel ticket buying and selling process;

FIG. 16 shows an account content change service;

15 FIG. 17 is a flowchart for the account content change process;

FIG. 18 is a block diagram of an information processing device;

and

FIG. 19 shows recording media.

## 20 **Description of Preferred Embodiments**

The preferred embodiments of the present invention are described in detail below with reference to the drawings.

FIG. 1 is a diagram for use in explanation of the principle of the service system of the present invention. The service system  
25 of FIG. 1 comprises a storage device 1, a communication device 2,

a selection device 3, an area decision device 4, and an execution device 5.

The storage device 1 stores pieces of area information and service programs in such a way that they are made to correspond with each other. The communication device 2 receives the position information of a mobile station and service selection information. The selection device 3 retrieves a service program specified by the service selection information and area information corresponding to that service program from the storage device 1.

The area decision device 4 makes a decision of whether or not the position represented by the position information of the mobile station is included in the area represented by the retrieved area information. When the mobile station position is included in that area, the execution device 5 executes the retrieved service program to provide a service to the mobile station.

Upon receipt of the position information and the service selection information from the mobile station, the communication device 2 passes the position information and the service selection information to the area decision device 4 and the selection device 3, respectively. The selection device 3 upon receipt of the service selection information retrieves the service program and the corresponding area information from the storage device 1 and then passes the service program and the area information to the execution device 5 and the area decision device 4, respectively.

Upon receipt of the mobile station position information and

the area information, the area decision device 4 makes a decision of whether or not the mobile station position is included in the area represented by the area information and then passes the result of decision to the execution device 5. When the decision result indicates that the mobile station position is included in that area, the execution device 5 executes the received service program. As a result, a service is provided from the service system to the mobile station.

According to such a service system, a service program for each individual service and area information representing an area where the service is provided are mapped to each other and the service is therefore provided when the mobile station stays in that area. Thus, each service can be restricted to a particular area.

Also, since services and areas are mapped through the use of software, there is no need of placing special devices, such as sign posts, and the area setup can be changed freely.

For example, the storage device 1 of FIG. 1 corresponds to a service database 25 of FIG. 2 and a service database 58 of FIG. 8, which will be described later. The communication device 2 of FIG. 1 corresponds to a communication section 21 of FIG. 2 and a communication section 51 of FIG. 8. The selection device 3 of FIG. 1 corresponds to a service selection section 22 of FIG. 2 and a service selection section 53 of FIG. 8.

Also, the area decision device 4 of FIG. 1 corresponds to an area decision section 23 of FIG. 2 and an area decision section

54 of FIG. 8. The execution device 5 of FIG. 1 corresponds to a service execution section 24 of FIG. 2 and a service execution section 56 of FIG. 8.

5 In the present embodiment, a service for mobile stations is restricted to a particular area that can be set up freely and service contents and accounting contents are made to differ between the inside and the outside of the area. Such area-dependent services will include:

- 10 • Information providing services or sight-seeing guide services in particular areas such as places of events, amusement parks/gaming places (for horse racing, bicycle racing, pinball, etc.), historic spots/scenic spots, secret facilities, etc.
- Guide announcements to users in the neighborhood of stores or facilities (bargain information, event information, etc.)
- 15 • Emergency communications to users in particular areas (control information, notice/warnings, evacuation advice, etc.)
- Discounts/premiums in service charges in particular areas.

In the case of these services, it is sometimes advisable to restrict service areas in terms of business merits, security, 20 or manners. Under such circumstances, the present invention will provide services to meet their respective purposes.

For example, new business can be realized by, in the place of an event, making the communication charge for mobile stations free so as to attract guests. Security can also be ensured by making 25 it impossible to access information from the outside of secret



facilities. Also, manners can be improved by making it impossible to buy pari-mutuel tickets outside the horse racetrack. Furthermore, services can be improved or differentiated by setting the communication charge low in city regions and high in mountain regions according to the prospects of redemption of equipment investments.

FIG. 2 shows the configuration of an area-dependent service system of the present embodiment. In FIG. 2, the service system 11 communicates with a mobile station 13 through a base station 12 to provide a service to it. The service system 11, which is computer-based, comprises a communication section 21, a service selection section 22, an area decision section 23, a service execution section 24, and a service database 25.

The service database 25 is prestored with a set of area information and a service program for each individual service. Thereby, authorized areas can be set up for each service.

FIG. 3 shows an example of an area represented by area information in the service database 25. The area of FIG. 3 comprises a rectangle 31 with P1, P2, P3 and P4 as vertices and a rectangle 32 with P5, P6, P7 and P3 as vertices. It is assumed here that the vertices have the following values:

P1: north latitude  $035^{\circ} 00' 50''$  / east longitude  $140^{\circ} 00' 00''$   
 P2: north latitude  $035^{\circ} 00' 50''$  / east longitude  $140^{\circ} 00' 25''$   
 P3: north latitude  $035^{\circ} 00' 00''$  / east longitude  $140^{\circ} 00' 25''$   
 P4: north latitude  $035^{\circ} 00' 00''$  / east longitude  $140^{\circ} 00' 00''$   
 P5: north latitude  $035^{\circ} 00' 25''$  / east longitude  $140^{\circ} 00' 25''$

P6: north latitude  $035^{\circ} 00' 25''$  /east longitude  $140^{\circ} 00' 50''$

P7: north latitude  $035^{\circ} 00' 00''$  /east longitude  $140^{\circ} 00' 50''$

Using the latitude and longitude of the vertices, the area information is described as follows:

5            (north latitude from  $035^{\circ} 00' 00''$  to  $035^{\circ} 00' 50''$  and east longitude from  $140^{\circ} 00' 00''$  to  $140^{\circ} 00' 25''$  )

or

(north latitude from  $035^{\circ} 00' 00''$  to  $035^{\circ} 00' 25''$  and east longitude from  $140^{\circ} 00' 25''$  to  $140^{\circ} 00' 50''$  )

10           Even if a service area makes a more complex figure like a curved figure, area information can likewise be described using latitude and longitude by approximating the area with a plurality of rectangular regions that cover the area.

The communication section 21 sets up the connection with  
15   the mobile station 13 and the service selection section 22 searches the service database 25 for a service program. The area decision section 23 makes a decision of whether the mobile station 13 is present in the authorized area for the selected service. The service execution section 24 executes the service program on the basis of  
20   the result of the decision. As the result of execution of the service program, the service is provided to the mobile station 13.

Methods for determining the current position of the mobile station 13 will include two methods: one using the position information of the base station 12; and the other using the position  
25   information of the mobile station itself.

FIG. 4 illustrates the first method using the position information of the base station 12. In FIG. 4, when the mobile station 13 establishes communication with the base station 12, the base station sends its position information to the service system 11 as an alternative to the position information of the mobile station 13. As the position information of the base station 12, latitude and longitude information, such as north latitude  $035^{\circ} 00' 40''$  /east longitude  $140^{\circ} 00' 10''$ , has been preset.

FIG. 5 illustrates the second method using the position information of the mobile station 13. The mobile station of FIG. 5 has GPS (Global Positioning System) 41 built in and can therefore acquire its position information described in terms of latitude and longitude. When communication with the base station 12 is established, the mobile station 13 sends the acquired position information through the base station 12 to the service system 11.

In addition, as shown in FIG. 6, the position of the mobile station 13 can also be determined using a positional relationship among the mobile station and multiple base stations 12 (see *Mobile Media Magazine* published by incorporated company C. Media, vol. 51, pp. 11-12, September, 1999). According to this method, the mobile station 13 measures the intensity of an electric field from each of the base stations 12 and performs a simulation using the position information of each base station, whereby the position of the mobile station is computed.

FIG. 7 is a flowchart for the service providing process by

the service system of FIG. 2. First, the mobile station 13 sends service selection information to the base station 12 (step S1). The service selection information is usually made to correspond one-to-one with a service program. When the position determination method as shown in FIG. 5 is used, the position information of the mobile station 13 is sent together with the service selection information.

Next, the base station 12 receives the information sent from the base station 13 and then transmits it to the service system 11 (step S2). At this point, when the position determination method as shown in FIG. 4 is used, the position information of the base station 12 is sent to the service system 11 as the position information of the mobile station 13.

Next, the communication section 21 of the service system 11 receives the information sent from the base station 12 and then passes the service selection information to the service selection section 22 and the position information of the mobile station 13 to the area decision section 23.

Next, the service selection section 22 searches the service database 25 using the received service selection information as a key and then retrieves a set of corresponding area information and service program from the database 25 (step S3). The area information is passed to the area decision section 23 and the service program is passed to the service execution section 24.

Next, a decision is made in the area decision section 23

as to whether or not the position represented by the position information received from the communication section 21 is included in the area represented by the area information from the service selection section 22 (step S4). The result (YES or NO) is passed  
 5 to the service execution section 24.

Next, the service execution section 24 refers to the received result of the decision and, if the result is YES, it executes the service program received from the service selection section 22 to provide the service to the mobile station 13 through the base station  
 10 12 (step S5). If, on the other hand, the result of the decision is NO, then error notification is sent through the base station 12 to the mobile station 13 (step S6). Thus, the mobile station 13 is notified that it is outside the service area.

Thus, by establishing a correspondence between areas and  
 15 services using the service database 25, each service can be restricted to a particular area without providing any special device within the area. In addition, since the area information in the service database 25 can be rewritten as required, the authorized area for each service can be changed at will.

20 In the system of FIG. 2, a determination of whether a service is to be provided or not is based on the position information of the mobile station 13. In addition, it is also possible to determine whether to provide a service or not on the basis of user information of the mobile station 13.

25 FIG. 8 shows the configuration of such a service system as

uses the user information. The service system comprises a communication section 51, a user information acquisition section 52, a service selection section 53, an area decision section 54, a user decision section 55, a service execution section 56, a user information database 57, and a service database 58.

The user information database 57 is prestored, for each mobile station, with a set of identification information for the mobile station or user and user information. As the identification information use may be made of the telephone number, IP (Internet Protocol) address, user ID, or the like. As the user information, attribute information, such as sex, age, etc., may be used.

The service database 58 is prestored, for each individual service, with a set of area information, user information, and a service program. Thereby, an authorized area and the attribute of an authorized user can be set up for each service.

The communication section 51 sets up the connection with the mobile station 13. The user information acquisition section 52 searches the user information database 57 to acquire the user information of the mobile station 13. The service selection section 52 searches the service database 58 to select a service program. The area decision section 54 makes a decision of whether or not the mobile station 13 is present in the area for the selected service. The user decision section 55 makes a decision of whether or not the user information of the mobile station 13 matches the user information of an authorized user for the selected service. The

service execution section 56 executes the selected service program on the basis of the results of the decisions.

FIG. 9 is a flowchart for the service providing process by the service system of FIG. 8. First, the mobile station 13 sends identification information and service selection information to the base station 12 (step S11). When the position determination method as shown in FIG. 5 is used, the position information of the mobile station 13 is sent together with the service selection information.

Next, the base station 12 receives the information sent from the mobile station 13 and then transmits it to the service system 11 (step S12). At this point, when the position determination method as shown in FIG. 4 is used, the position information of the base station 12 is sent to the service system 11 as the position information of the mobile station 13.

Next, the communication section 51 of the service system 11 receives the information sent from the base station 12 and then passes the identification information to the user information acquisition section 52, the service selection information to the service selection section 52 and the position information of the mobile station 13 to the area decision section 54.

Next, the user information acquisition section 52 searches the user information database 57 using the received identification information as a key and retrieves the corresponding user information from the database 57 (step S13). The user information is then passed

to the user decision section 55.

Next, the service selection section 53 searches the service database 25 using the received service selection information as a key and then retrieves a corresponding set of area information, user information and a service program from the database (step S14). The area information is passed to the area decision section 54, the user information is passed to the user decision section 55, and the service program is passed to the service execution section 56.

Next, the user decision section 55 makes a decision of whether or not the user information received from the user information acquisition section 52 matches the user information received from the service selection section 53 (step S15). The result of the decision (YES or NO) is then passed to the service execution section 56.

Next, a decision is made in the area decision section 54 as to whether or not the position represented by the position information received from the communication section 51 is included in the area represented by the area information from the service selection section 53 (step S16). The result (YES or NO) is passed to the service execution section 56.

Next, the service execution section 56 refers to the received results of the decisions from the user decision section 55 and the area decision section 54 and, if both the results are YES, executes the service program received from the service selection section



53 to provide the service to the mobile station 13 through the base station 12 (step S17).

If, on the other hand, either of the results of the decisions is NO, then error notification is sent through the base station 12 to the mobile station 13 (step S18). When the result of the decision by the user decision section 55 is NO, the mobile station 13 is notified of not being an authorized user. When the result of the decision by the area decision section 54 is NO, the mobile station 13 is notified of being outside the service area.

Thus, each service can be restricted to specific users by establishing a correspondence between users and services using the service database 58. In addition, since the area information in the service database 58 can be rewritten as required, authorized users for each service can be changed at will.

Specific examples of services will be described next with reference to FIGs. 10 through 17.

FIG. 10 shows an information providing service. An information providing program 61 of FIG. 10 is installed as the aforementioned service program and executed by the service execution section 56.

FIG. 11 is a flowchart for the information providing process by the information providing program 61 of FIG. 10. First, the service execution section 56 starts the information providing program 61 (step S21). Next, the information providing program 61 provides requested information to the mobile station 13 via the base station

12 (step 22), thereby terminating the process.

FIG. 12 shows a vicinity search service. A search area setup program 62 and a search program 63 of FIG. 12 are installed as the aforementioned service program and executed by the service execution

5 section 56.

A point information database 64 is provided in the service system 11 and stores a set of point position information, point category information, and point guide information for each of registered points. The point position information is latitude and  
10 longitude information of the point. The point category information represents a category to which the point belongs (restaurants, amusement parks, etc.). The point guide information represents information that is provided to the mobile station 13.

FIG. 13 is a flowchart for the vicinity search process by the programs 62 and 63 of FIG. 12. First, the service execution  
15 section 56 starts the search area setup program 62 (step S31) and then starts the search program 63 (step S32). Next, the search area setup program 62 receives position information and point category information from the mobile station 13 through the base station  
20 12 and the communication section (step S33). Based on the position information of the mobile station 13, the area in the vicinity of the mobile station 13 is set up as a search area. The point category information and the search area are then passed to the search program 63.

25 Next, the search program 63 searches the point information

database 64 using the received point category information as a key and retrieves therefrom corresponding sets of point position information and point guide information (step S34). Usually, many points correspond to one piece of point category information; thus,  
 5 many sets of information are retrieved.

Next, the search program 63 selects a point such that the position represented by the point position information is included in the search area and then provides the point guide information associated with the selected point as a point information sequence  
 10 to the mobile station 13 through the base station 12 (step S35), thereby terminating the process.

According to such a service, bargain information or event information can be provided to users who are in the vicinity of stores or facilities.

15 FIG. 14 shows a pari-mutuel ticket selling and buying service in a horse racetrack. A selling and buying program 65 of FIG. 14 is installed as the aforementioned service program and executed by the service execution section 56.

FIG. 15 is a flowchart for pari-mutuel ticket selling and  
 20 buying process by the program 65 shown in FIG. 14. First, the service execution section 56 starts the selling and buying program 65 (step 41). Next, the program 65 receives through the base station 12 and the communication section from the mobile station 13 identification information of the mobile station or user, payment information,  
 25 and ticket purchase information (step S42). The selling and buying

of a pari-mutuel ticket is carried out on the basis of the received information (step S43). An acceptance notification is then sent to the mobile station 13 on the basis of the result (step S44), thereby terminating the process.

5           FIG. 16 shows an accounting content change service. A change program 66 and a computing program 67 of FIG. 16 are installed as the aforementioned service program and executed by the service execution section 56. An accounting information database 68 is provided in the service system 11 and stores accounting data for  
10           each user.

FIG. 17 is a flowchart for the account content changing process performed by the programs 66 and 67 of FIG. 16. First, the service execution section 56 starts the change program 66 (step S51) and then starts the computing program 67 (step S52).

15           Next, the change program 66 receives identification information of the mobile station or user from the mobile station 13 through the base station 12 and the communication section (step S53) and then passes the identification information and predetermined account change information to the computing program  
20           67. The account change information includes a discount/premium at a constant rate, for example.

Next, the computing program 67 computes accounting information on the basis of the received information (step S54) and then updates accounting data for the corresponding user in the  
25           accounting information database 68 (step S55), thereby terminating

the process.

According to such a service, a mobile station user who is present in a particular area can be charged at a discount/premium for communication or information provided. Depending on the service contents, it is also possible to make the service charge free.

As described above, according to the service systems of FIGs. 2 and 8, it becomes possible to restrict a service to a particular area or make a different charge for a service provided inside and outside of an area. For example, it is possible to realize a service such that, inside a horse racetrack, a guide to the facilities is provided and tip information on a horse race is provided at the cost of 100 yen and, outside the racetrack, no guide to the facilities is provided and the tip data is provided at 900 yen.

In the above embodiments, the area information is described in terms of latitude and longitude. However, this is not restrictive. The area information may be described in terms of other information, such as address, zip code, school district, or the like.

The service system 11 and the mobile station 13 shown in FIGs. 2 and 8 may include, for example, such an information processor (computer) as shown in FIG. 18. The information processor of FIG. 18 comprises a CPU (Central Processing Unit) 71, a memory 72, an input device 73, an output device 74, an external storage device 75, a medium driver 76, and a network adapter 77, which are interconnected by a bus 78.

The memory 72 includes, for example, a ROM (Read Only Memory)

and a RAM (Random Access Memory) and stores programs and data used for processing. The CPU 71 executes the programs using the memory 72, thereby performing required processing.

The communication section 21, the service selection section 22, the area decision section 23 and the service execution section 24 of FIG. 2 and the communication section 51, the user information acquisition section 52, the service selection section 53, the area decision section 54, the user decision section 55 and the service execution section 56 of FIG. 8 are all stored in the memory 72 as software components described by the programs.

The input device 73 is, for example, a keyboard, a pointing device, or a touch panel and used for entry of commands and information from an operator (user or administrator). The output device 74 is, for example, a display, a printer, or a loudspeaker and used to make inquiries to the operator and output the results of processing.

The external storage device 75 is, for example, a magnetic disk unit, an optical disk unit, a magneto-optical disk unit, or a tape unit. In the information processor, the above programs and data are prestored in the external storage device 75 and loaded into the memory 72 when necessary.

The external storage device 75 is also used as the service database 25 of FIG. 2, the user information database 57 and the service database 58 of FIG. 8, the point information database 64, and the accounting information database 68 of FIG. 16.

The medium driver 76 drives a portable recording medium 79

and makes access to the recorded contents of the medium 79. The portable recording medium 79 is a computer-readable recording medium, such as a memory card, a floppy disk, a CD-ROM (Compact Disk Read Only Memory), an optical disk, or a magneto-optical disk. The above  
 5 programs and data are prestored by the operator on the portable recording medium 79 and loaded into the memory 72 when necessary.

The network adapter 77 is used for connection to a communication network to which the base station 12 is connected and makes data conversion involved in communication. The  
 10 information processor receives the above programs and data through the network adapter 77 from another device and loads them into the memory 72 as required.

FIG. 19 shows computer-readable recording media which can provide programs and data to the information processor of FIG. 18. The programs and data stored on the portable recording medium 79  
 15 or in a database 81 of a server 80 are loaded into the memory 72. In this case, the server 80 produces a propagation signal to propagate the programs and data to the information processor over an arbitrary transmitting medium on the network. The CPU 71 then executes the  
 20 programs using the data to carry out required processing.

According to the present invention, in a service system for mobile stations, a service can be restricted to a particular area without providing any special device in the area and the area setup can also be changed freely. Thus, new area-dependent service  
 25 business for mobile stations can be realized.